



CLAIM FOR HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX STANDARD / SUPPLEMENTAL DEDUCTION

State Form 5473 (R15 / 5-14)

Prescribed by the Department of Local Government Finance

FORM
HC10

YEAR

INSTRUCTIONS: See reverse side for filing instructions.

NOTE: Telephone, Social Security, driver's license, state identification and federal identification numbers are confidential under IC 6-1.1-12-37.

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

I (We) _____ certify that I (we) occupied as my (our) principal place of residence or am (are) buying the following described real property under contract for which a Homestead Property Tax Standard Deduction is hereby claimed on the date this application is signed, _____ (date of signature). I (We):

- Own. Am (are) buying under recorded contract.
- Am (are) entitled to occupy as a tenant-stockholder of a cooperative housing corporation.
- Have a beneficial interest in the trust or the right to occupy the property under the terms of a qualified personal residence trust.
- Am (are) the shareholder, partner, or member of the entity that owns the property.

CLAIMANT'S INFORMATION

Name of claimant (legal name)		Telephone number of claimant ()
Social Security number of claimant (last five digits)	Driver's license / Identification / Other number of claimant (last five digits)	Issuing State
Name of claimant's spouse (legal name)		
Social Security number of claimant's spouse (last five digits)	Driver's license / Identification / Other number of claimant's spouse (last five digits)	Issuing State

CONTRACT RECORDED

If buying on contract, Fee Simple owner's name _____

Recorder's office where contract is recorded	Record number	Page
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PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

County	Township	Taxing district (city, town, township)
Parcel number	Legal description	Is the property in question: <input type="checkbox"/> Real property <input type="checkbox"/> Annually assessed mobile home (IC 6-1.1-7)

If any portion of the residential structure or the land not exceeding one (1) acre that immediately surrounds that structure is used to produce income, describe the use and portion of the property utilized to produce income.

PROPERTY OWNED ELSEWHERE BY CLAIMANT

State, County, and Township	Is claimant vacating a homestead? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
I hereby certify the above statements are true, correct, and complete.	Signature of claimant
Address of contact (number and street, city, state, and ZIP code)	Address of vacated homestead, if any (number and street, city, state, and ZIP code)

ASSESSOR USE ONLY		ASSESSED VALUE	HOMESTEAD VALUE	NON-RESIDENTIAL VALUE
Land not exceeding one (1) acre immediately surrounding residential improvements		(1)		
Other land		(2)		
Total land (line 1 plus line 2)		(3)		
Residential improvements or Annually Assessed Mobile / Manufactured Home	Dwelling	(4)		
	Garage	(5)		
Other improvements		(6)		
Total improvements (line 4 through line 6)		(7)		
Total value (line 3 plus line 7)		(8)		
I hereby certify the above is true, correct, and complete.		Signature of Assessor	Date signed (month, day, year)	
Verifying action - Signature of Auditor				Date signed (month, day, year)

STANDARD DEDUCTION ALLOWANCE

20 _____ pay 20 _____ Lesser of 60% of the assessed value of the homestead or \$45,000	\$
Notwithstanding any other provision, the sum of the deductions provided in IC 6-1.1-12 to a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or to a manufactured home that is not assessed as real property may not exceed one-half (1/2) of the assessed value of the mobile home or manufactured home.	
Signature of Auditor	Date signed (month, day, year)

NOTICE OF HOMESTEAD STANDARD DEDUCTION

IC 6-1.1-12-37

The homestead standard deduction has been enacted to allow a property tax deduction for each qualified homestead. Read carefully the qualifying guidelines below:

- DEFINITIONS:**
- “Homestead” means an individual’s principal place of residence:
1. that is located in Indiana;
 2. that:
 - a. the individual owns;
 - b. the individual is buying under a contract, recorded in the County Recorder’s office, that provides that the individual is to pay the property taxes on the residence;
 - c. the individual is entitled to occupy as a tenant-stockholder (as defined in 26 USC 216) of a cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26 USC 216);
 - d. is a residence described in IC 6-1.1-12-17.9 that is owned by a trust if the individual is an individual described in IC 6-1.1-12-17.9; or
 - e. is a residence owned by a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other entity and the requirements of IC 6-1.1-12-37(k) are met; and
 3. the principal place of residence consists of a dwelling and the real estate (up to one (1) acre) that immediately surrounds that dwelling.
- “Dwelling” means any of the following:
1. Residential real property improvements that an individual uses as the individual’s residence, including a house or garage;
 2. A mobile home that is not assessed as real property that an individual uses as the individual’s residence; or
 3. A manufactured home that is not assessed as real property that an individual uses as the individual’s residence.

WHO MAY QUALIFY: An individual who: owns a homestead, is buying a homestead under a recorded contract that requires the individual to pay the property taxes, or is entitled to occupy the homestead as a tenant-stockholder of a cooperative housing corporation.

A trust is entitled to the homestead standard deduction for real property owned by the trust and occupied by an individual if the county auditor determines that the individual:

1. upon verification in the body of the deed or otherwise, has either:
 - a. A beneficial interest in the trust; or
 - b. The right to occupy the real property rent free under the terms of a qualified personal residence trust created by the individual under United States Treasury Regulation 25.2702-5(c)(2);
2. otherwise qualifies for the deduction; and
3. would be considered the owner of the real property under IC 6-1.1-1-9(f) or IC 6-1.1-1-9(g).

No portion of a residential dwelling that is income-producing is eligible for the homestead standard deduction, including, but not limited to, one half of a duplex side or rented apartment that is a part of the structure, a beauty shop or crafts shop in one or two rooms of the structure, a dry cleaners or electronics shop beneath an apartment, an auto repair shop in the garage.

Property owned by a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other entity is not entitled to the homestead standard deduction unless the requirements of IC 6-1.1-12-37(k) are met.

WHEN TO FILE: Real property

This application must be completed and dated during the year prior to the first year for which the person wishes to obtain the deduction and filed or postmarked on or before January 5 of the first year for which the person wishes to obtain the deduction.

The application applies for that first year and any succeeding year for which the deduction is allowed.

Mobile homes (IC 6-1.1-7) and manufactured homes not assessed as real estate

This application must be filed during the twelve (12) months before March 31 of the year the deduction is to be effective.

HOW TO FILE:

Forms must be filed at the County Auditor’s office in the county where the homestead is located. If an individual mails this form and desires to have a file-stamped copy returned, the individual must provide a self-addressed, stamped envelope to County Auditor’s office.

Only one individual or married couple may receive a deduction for a particular homestead in a particular year. The portion above the “Signature of claimant” must be completed in full before the deduction will be considered.

For additional filing information, please see IC 6-1.1-12-37.

DISALLOWANCE OF MULTIPLE CLAIMS: The County Auditor may not grant an individual or married couple a homestead standard deduction if:

1. for the same year, the individual or married couple claims the homestead standard deduction on two (2) or more different deduction applications; and
2. the applications claim the homestead standard deduction for different property.

If a person moves from his Indiana principal place of residence (for which he is receiving a homestead deduction) after March 1 to a new principal place of residence later that year, the homestead deduction on the first property will stay on for that tax cycle and the person can apply for and potentially receive a homestead deduction on the new property for that same tax cycle. For the next assessment date, the homestead deduction would be removed from the first property. See IC 6-1.1-12-37(h).

NOTE: If, after March 1, a person moves from his Indiana homestead (receiving a homestead deduction) that existed on March 1 to a homestead that did not exist on March 1, the person could apply for a homestead deduction for the new property for that tax cycle, but then the homestead deduction on the first property must be cancelled for that tax cycle. See IC 6-1.1-12-37(p).

A person must actually be eligible for the deduction at the time the application is signed, meaning the property is being used as his or her principal place of residence at the time of signing.

NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL DEDUCTION

IC 6-1.1-12-37.5

A person who is entitled to a homestead standard deduction is also entitled to receive a supplemental deduction from the assessed value of the homestead to which the standard deduction applies after the application of the standard deduction but before the application of any other deduction, exemption, or credit for which the person is eligible.

The amount of the supplemental deduction is equal to the sum of the following:

1. Thirty-five percent (35%) of the assessed value that is not more than six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000).
2. Twenty-five percent (25%) of the assessed value that is more than six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000)

The County Auditor is required to record and make the deduction for the person qualifying for the supplemental deduction.

The statutory limit of one-half (1/2) of the assessed value that applies to the sum of the deductions provided under IC 6-1.1-12 to a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or to a manufactured home that is not assessed as real property does not apply to the supplemental deduction.

INELIGIBILITY PENALTY:

If an individual whose property becomes ineligible for the homestead deduction fails to file a certified statement with the County Auditor notifying the auditor of the ineligibility within sixty (60) days after the date of the change, the individual is liable for the amount of the deduction allowed for that real property plus a civil penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the additional taxes due.